# Rocktech Displays Limited



Module P/N	: RK050HR18-T

Version: 1.0

Description: 5.0 inch TFT 800\*480 Pixels with

LED backlight, All viewing angle,

and touch panel

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# **Revision History**

Date	Rev.	Page	Description
2019-04-16	1.0	All	First issue



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# 1. General Features

Item	Spec	Remark
Display Mode	Normally Black transmissive	
Viewing Angle	FREE	
Input Signals	RGB 24 bit	
Outside Dimensions	120.7 (W) x75.8(H) x4.2(D)	With TP
Active Area	108.0 mm(W)×64.8 mm(H)	
Number of Pixels	800(RGB)×480	
Dot Pitch	0.135 mm(H) × 0.045 mm(W)	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical stripes	
Drive IC	ST7262-G4	



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded may cause operation or damage to the unit.

ITEM	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power for Circuit Driving	Vdd	-0.3	-	5	V	
Backlight Forward Current	ILED	-	-	25	mA	For each LED
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	-	80	$^{\circ}$	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H <sub>OP</sub>	10	-		%RH	
Operating Ambient temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-20	-	70	${\mathbb C}$	



## 3. Electrical Specification

## 3.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

Item		Sym.	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Power for (	Circuit Driving	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Logic Input	Low Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.3Vdd	V	
Voltage	High Voltage	VIH	0.7Vdd	-	Vdd	V	
Logic Output	Low Voltage	Vol	-	-	GND+0.4	V	
Voltage	High Voltage	Vон	Vdd-0.4	-	-	V	
Power	Black Mode	P <sub>b</sub>	T.B.D	T.B.D	T.B.D	mW	
Consumption	Standby Mode	$P_{w}$	T.B.D	T.B.D	T.B.D	mW	

## 3.2 Driving Backlight

Item	Sym.	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Backlight driving voltage	VF	18	19.2	20.4	V	
Backlight driving current	lf	-	40	50	mA	
Backlight Power Consumption	WBL	-	768	-	mW	
Life Time	1	-	30,000	-		Note 3

Note 1: (Unless specified, the ambient temperature Ta=25℃)

Note 2: The recommended operating conditions refer to a range in which operation of this product is guaranteed. Should this range is exceeded, the operation cannot be guaranteed even if the values may be without the absolute maximum ratings.

Note 3: If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.



# **4.Optical Specifications**

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25  $^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

Itam	Curre		Values		l lm:t	Nata
ltem	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
1)Contrast Ratio	C/R	-	1000	1		FIG.1
2)Module Luminance	L	320	400	1	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	After TP
3)Response time	Tr+Tf	-	30	-	ms	FIG.2
	$\theta_{T}$	-	80	-		
4)\/iousing Angle	$\theta_{B}$	-	80	-	Degree	FIC 2
4)Viewing Angle	$\theta_{L}$	-	80	-		FIG.3
	$\theta_{R}$	-	80	-		
	Wx	0.274	0.316	0.358		
	Wy	0.294	0.336	0.378		
	Rx	-	-	-		
5) Oh va va atiait	Ry	-	-	-		
5)Chromaticity	Gx	-	-	-		
	Gy	-	-	-		
	Вх	-	-	-		
	Ву	-	-	-		



### **♦ Measurement System**

Notes:

1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

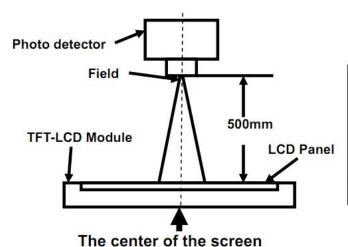
Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio = -----

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.
- 3. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising Time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 2.
- 4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

#### FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio		
Luminance	CD 24	40
Chromaticity	SR-3A 1°	1
Lum Uniformity		
Response Time	BM-7A	2°

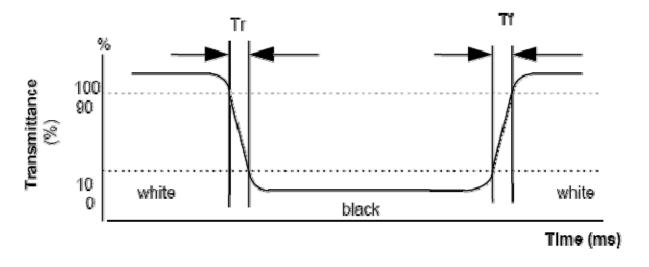


### FIG. 2 The definition of Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

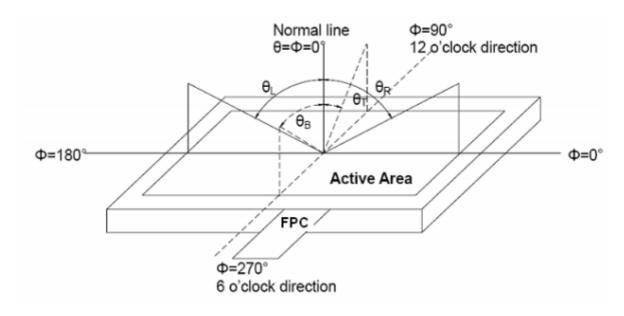
Response Time = Rising Time(Tr) + Falling Time(Tf)

- Rising Time(Tr): Full White 90% → Full White 10% Transmittance.
- Falling Time(Tf): Full White 10% → Full White 90% Transmittance.



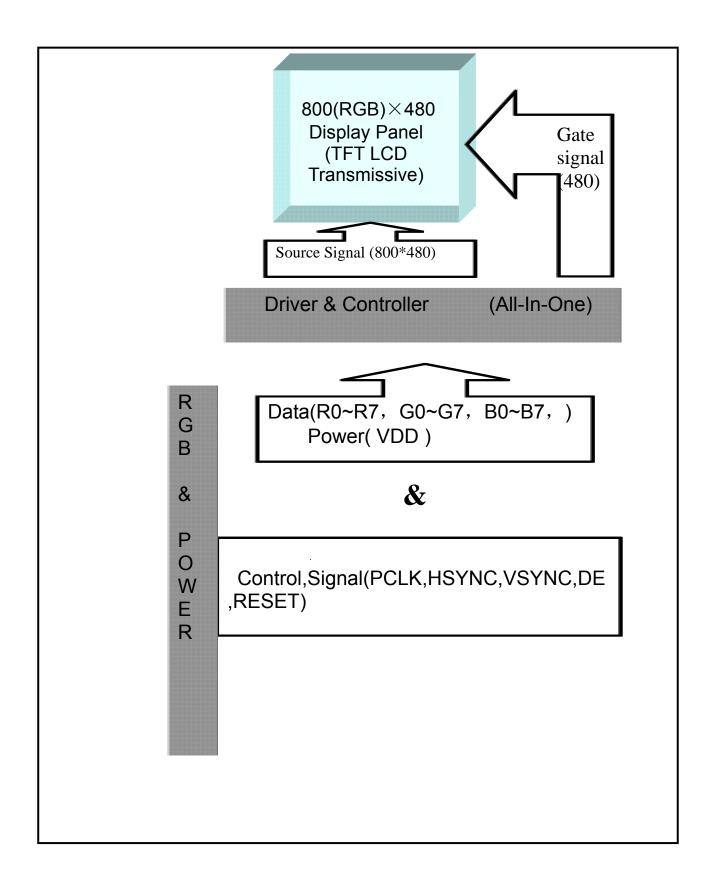
## FIG. 3 The definition of Viewing Angle

Use Fig. 1(Test Procedure) under Measurement System to measure the contrast from the measuring direction specified by the conditions as the following figure.





# 5.Block Diagram





# **6.Pin Description**

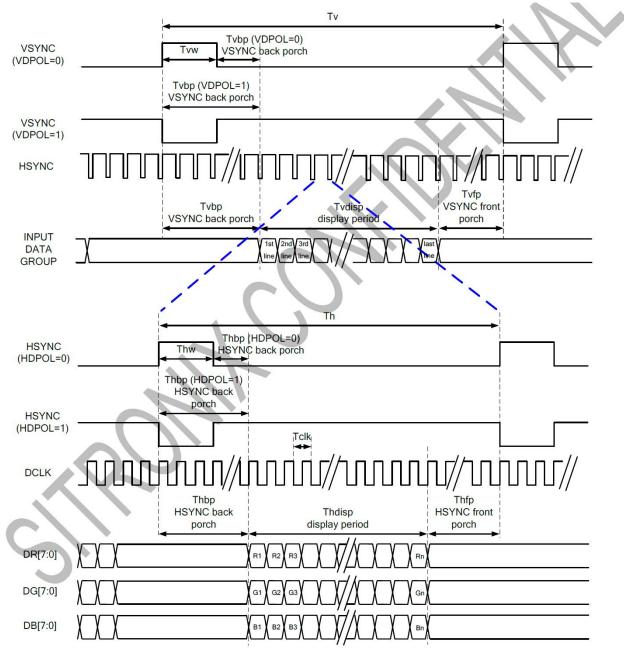
Item	Terminal	Functions
1	VLED-	B/L Power input PIN negative
2	VLED+	B/L Power input PIN anode
3	GND	Ground
4	VDD	Power supply
512	R0R7	Display for R dot
1320	G0G7	Display for G dot
2128	B0B7	Display for B dot
29	GND	Ground
30	DCLK	Clock for input data
31	DISP	Display on/off control
32	HSYNC	Horizontal synchronizing signal
33	VSYNC	Vertical synchronizing signal
34	DE	Data input enable
35	NC	No connect
36	GND	Ground
37	XR	Touch Panel Right Side
38	YD	Touch Panel Bottom Side
39	XL	Touch Panel Left Side
40	YU	Touch Panel Top Side



## 7. Timing Characteristics

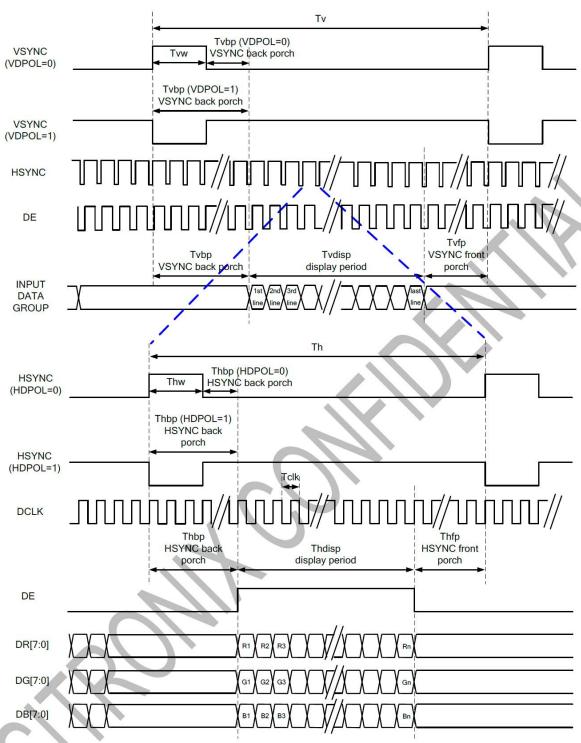
# 7.1 System Bus Timing for RGB Interface

#### 7.1.1 SYNC Mode



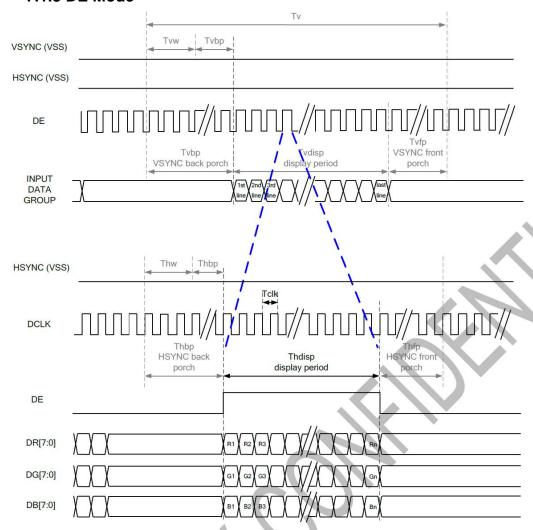


#### 7.1.2 SYNC-DE Mode





#### **7.1.3 DE Mode**



### 7.1.4 Parallel 24-bit RGB Input Timing Table

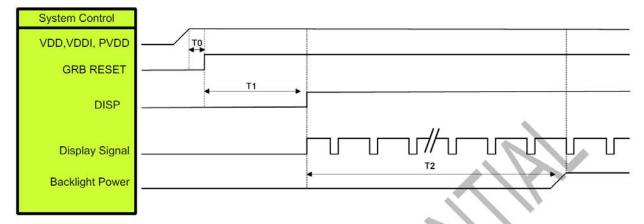
Parallel 24-bit RGB Input Timing (PVDD=VDD=VDDI= 3.3V, AGND= 0V, TA=25°C)

	Parallel 24-bit RGB Interface Timing Table								
	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark		
DCL	Frequency	Fclk	23	25	27	MHz			
	Period Time	Th	808	816	896	DCLK			
	Display Period	Thdisp		800		DCLK			
HSYNC	Back Porch	Thbp	4	8	48	DCLK			
	Front Porch	Thfp	4	8	48	DCLK			
	Pulse Width	Thw	2	4	8	DCLK			
	Period Time	Tv	488	496	504	HSYNC			
	Display Period	Tvdisp		480		HSYNC			
VSYNC	Back Porch	Tvbp	4	8	12	HSYNC			
	Front Porch	Tvfp	4	8	12	HSYNC			
	Pulse Width	Tvw	2	4	8	HSYNC			



# 7.2 Power ON/OFF Sequence

#### 7.2.1 Power On sequence

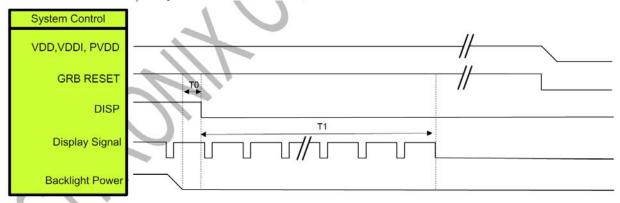


Symbol	Description	Min. Time	Unit
TO	System power stability to GRB RESET signal	0	ms
T1	GRB RESET= "High" to DISP="High"	10	ms
T2	Display Signal output to Backlight Power on	250	ms

Note: RGB interface Display signal: DCLK; VSYNC; HSYNC; DE; DR[7:0]; DG[7:0]; DB[7:0]

Note: LVDS interface Display signal: DCLK P/N; RX[3:0]P/N

### 7.2.2 Power Off sequence



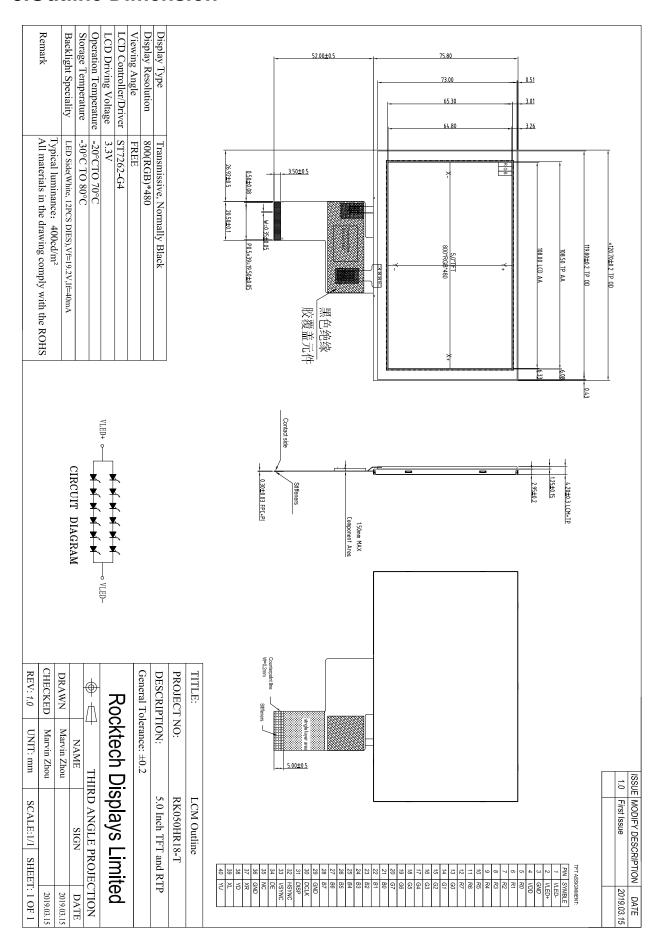
Symbol	Description	Min. Time	Unit
ТО	Backlight Power off to DISP="Low"	5	ms
T1	DISP="Low" to IC internal voltage discharge complete	100	ms

Note: RGB interface Display signal: DCLK; VSYNC; HSYNC; DE; DR[7:0]; DG[7:0]; DB[7:0]

Note: LVDS interface Display signal: DCLK P/N; RX[3:0]P/N



## **8.Outline Dimension**





# 9. Reliability and Inspection Standard

No.	Test Item		Test Conditions	Remark
1	High Temperature	Storage	80℃, 120Hr	Note
		Operation	<b>70</b> ℃, <b>120</b> Hr	Note
2	Low Temperature	Storage	-30℃, 120Hr	Note
		Operation	-20℃, 120Hr	
3	High Temperature and High Humidity		40℃, 90%RH, 120Hr	Note
4	Thermal Cycling Test(No operation)		-20C for 30min, 70c for 30 min. 100 cycles. Then test at room temperature after 1 hour	Note
5	Vibration Test(No operation)		Frequency:10~55 HZ; Stroke:1.5 mm;Sweep:10HZ~55HZ~10HZ; 2hours for each direction of X, Y, Z(6 hours for total)	
6	Package Drop Test		Height:60 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
7	Electro Static Discharge		$\pm$ 2KV,Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500 $\Omega$	

#### Note:

- 1) Sample quantity for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.



#### 10.PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

### **Handing Precautions**

- (1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile, it tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
  - Water
  - Ketone
  - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
  - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
  - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
  - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
  - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal



connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

#### **Storage Precautions**

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped).

#### **Others**

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature. If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- -Terminal electrode sections.